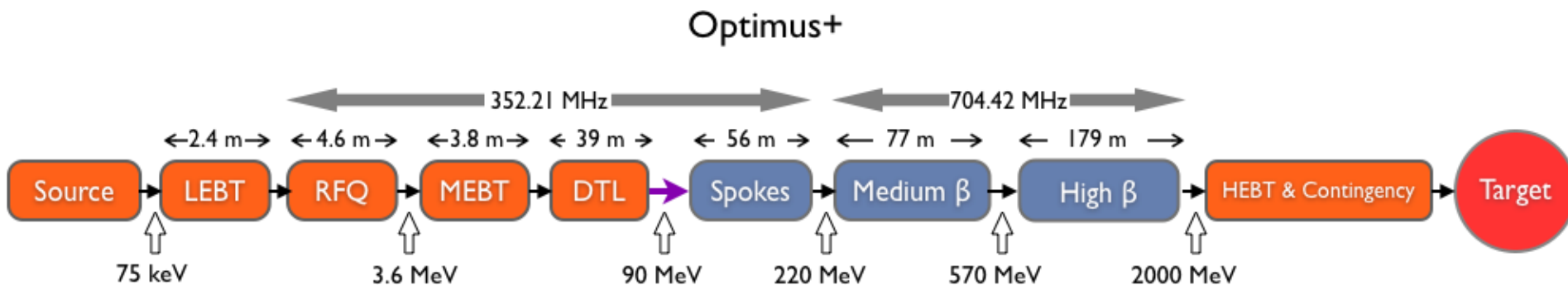


Brief update on the ESS RF Systems

Morten Jensen

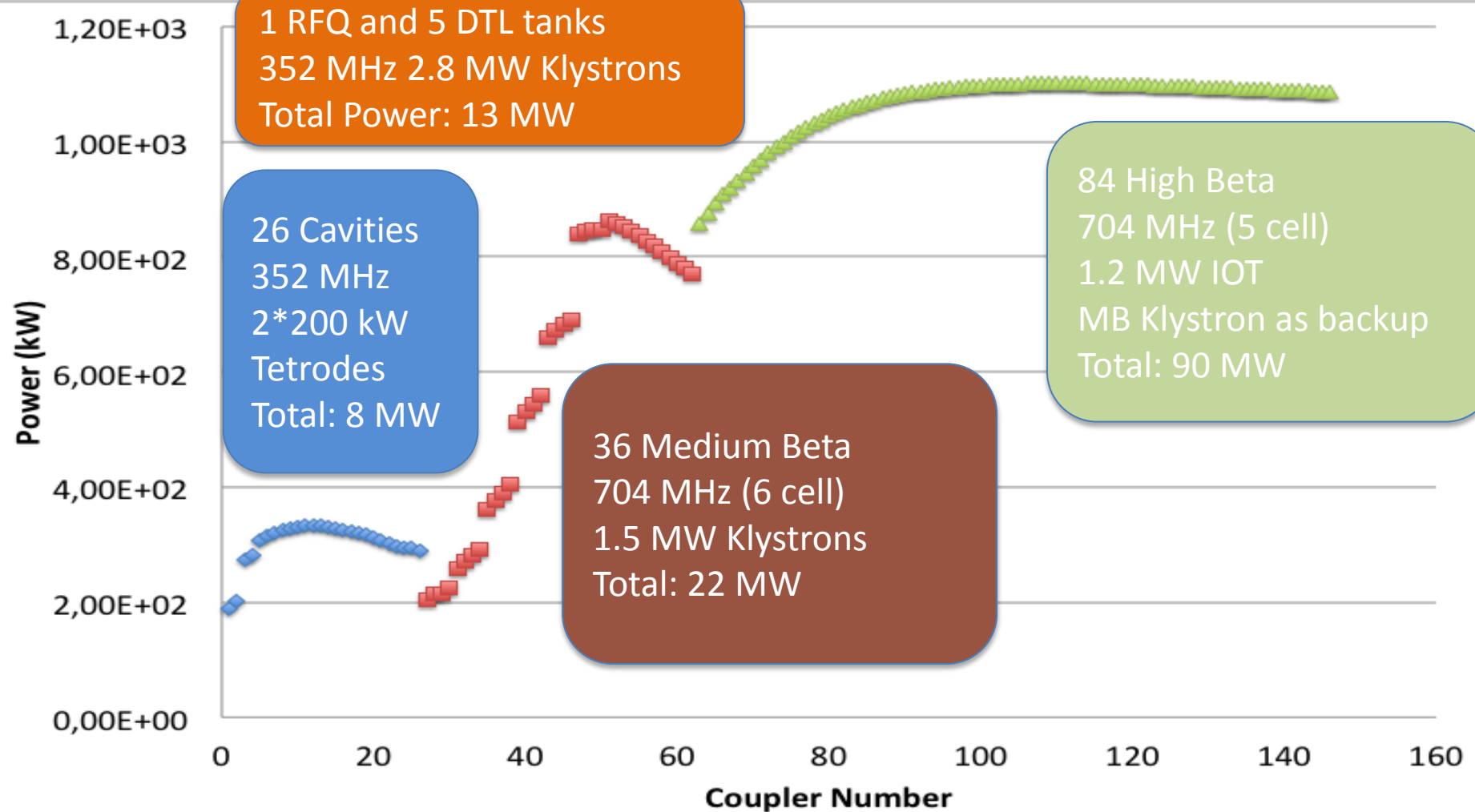
Linac Design Choices

- User facilities demand high availability (>95%)
- The linac will be mostly (>97%) superconducting
- Front end frequency is **352 MHz** (CERN Standard)
- High energy section is at **704 MHz**
- ESS will limit the peak beam current below **62.5 mA** (was 50 mA)
- Linac Energy of 2 GeV - **125 MW** peak power.



The ESS Superconducting Power Profile

> 150 cavities/couplers



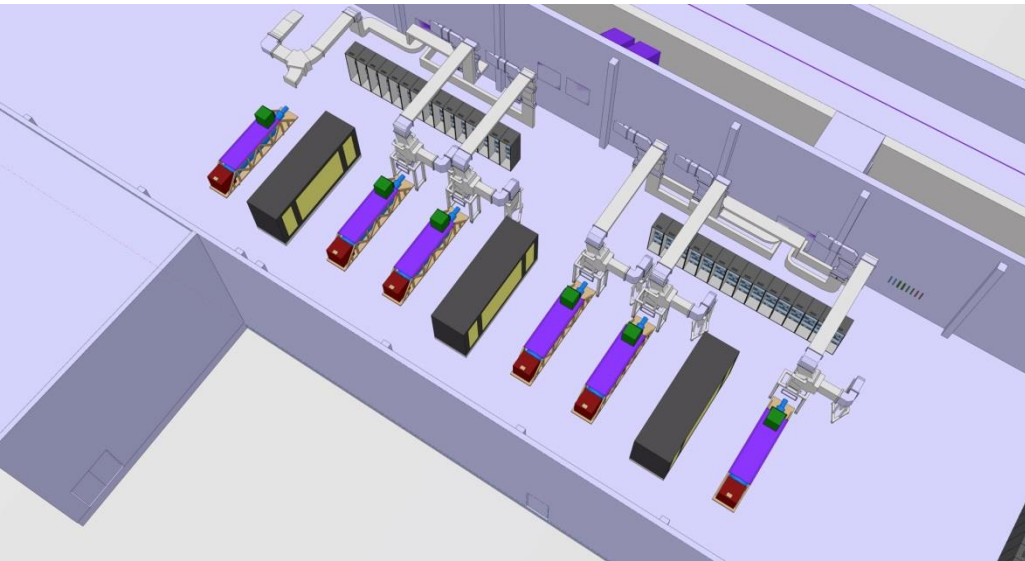
Total High Power RF: 133 MW peak (4% duty) plus overhead

RF distribution for the RFQ and 5 DTLs Layout being finalised

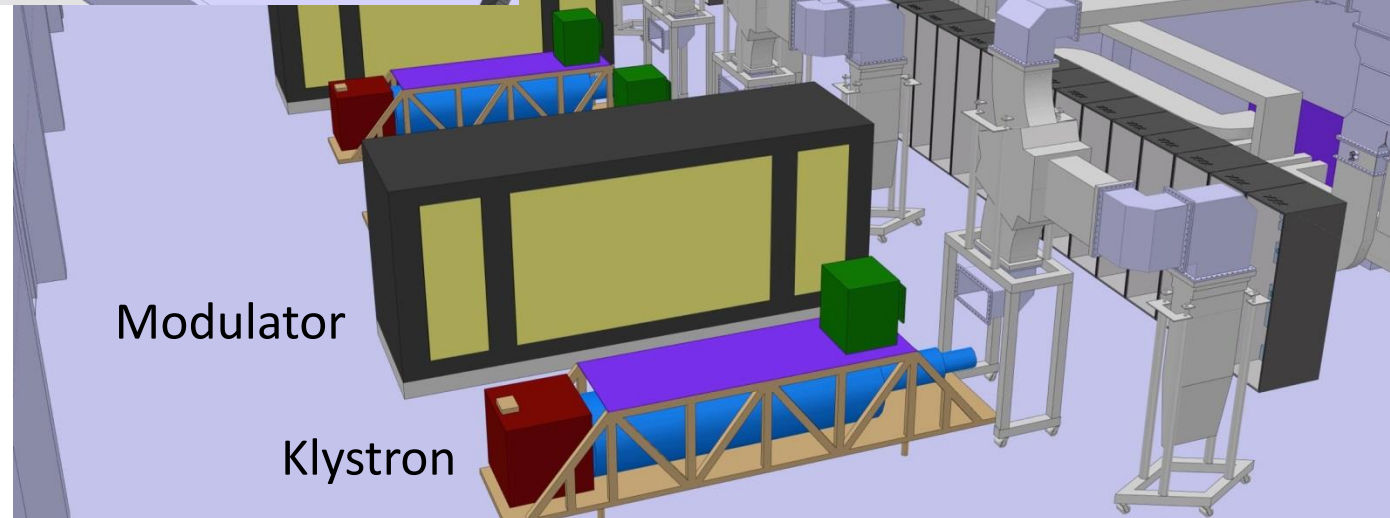
One 2.8 MW for RFQ
Five 2.8 MW klystrons for DLT

Power split to two couplers per DTL tank

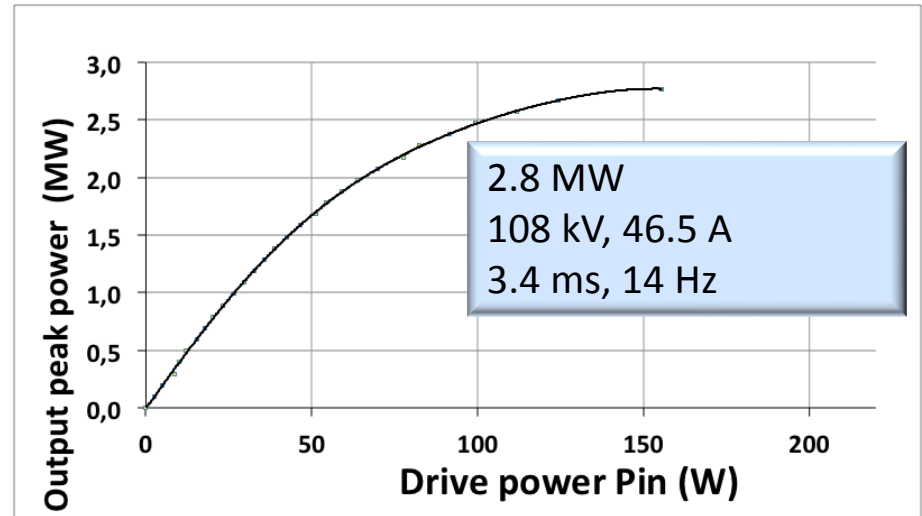
CPI	– VKP-8352B
Thales	– TH2179



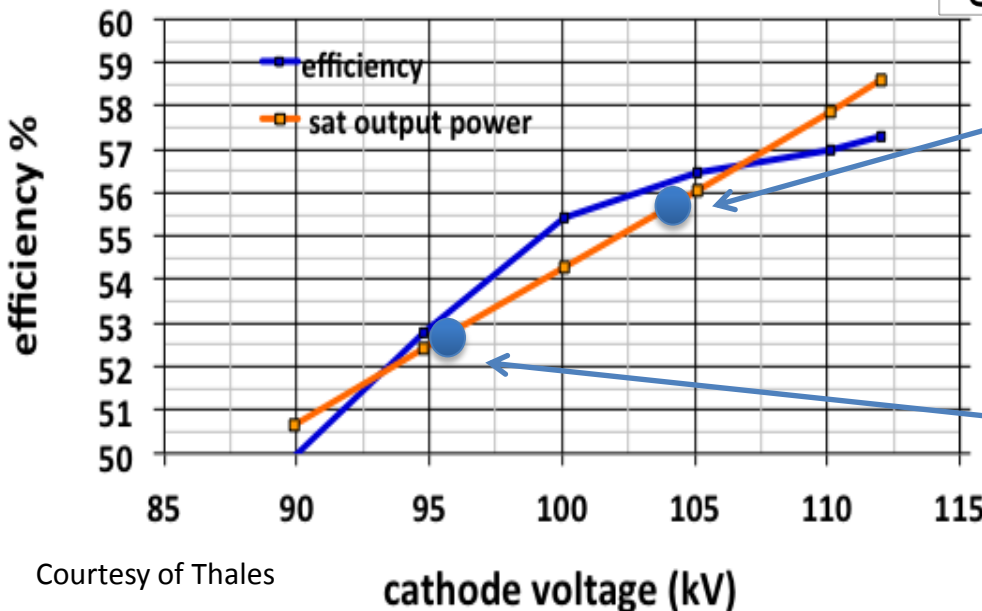
2 Klystrons per
modulator



Possible RFQ and DTL Power Source



Investigating option to operate at lower voltage for lower power operation

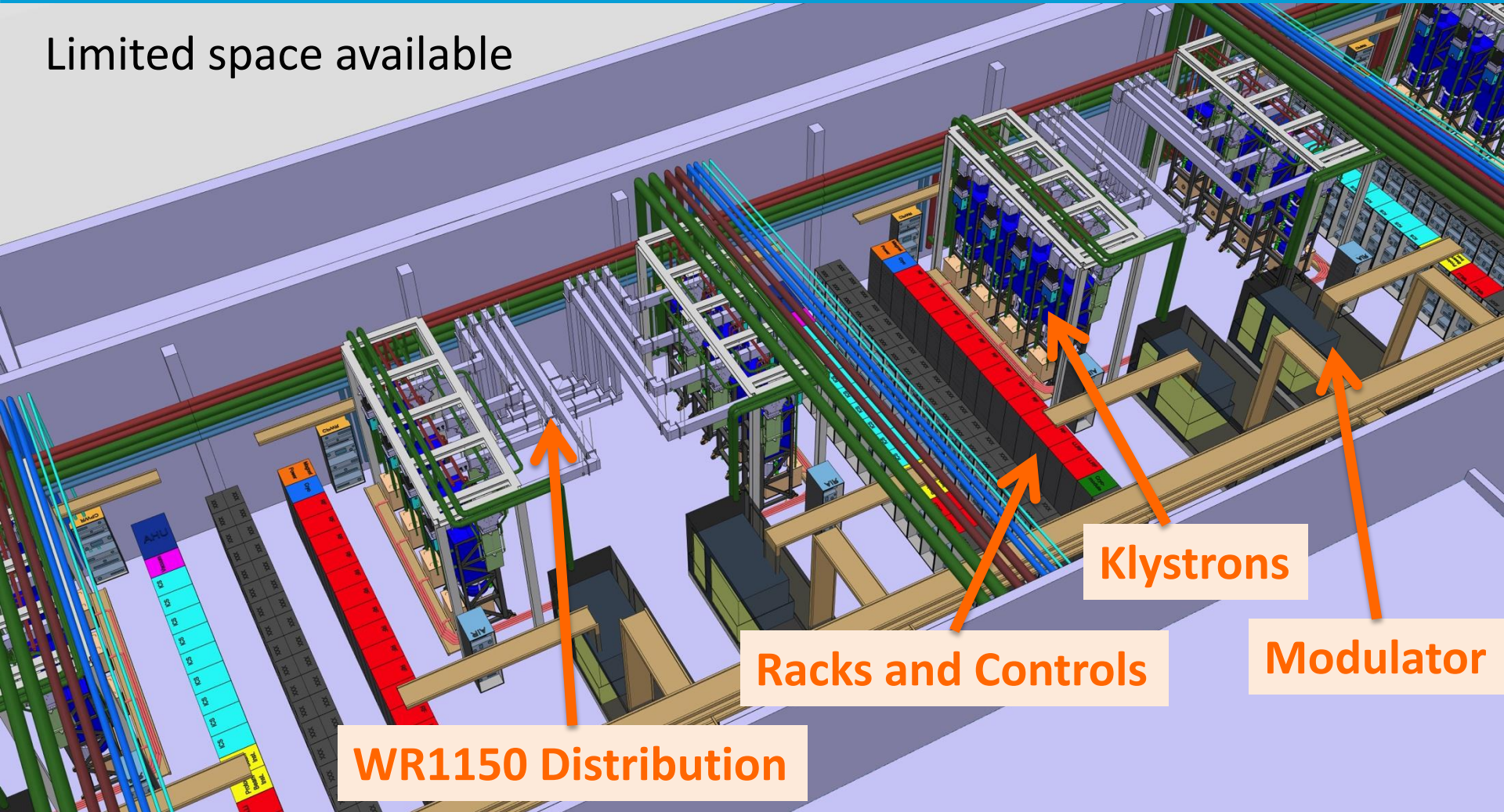


DTL:
Saturation efficiency = 55%
Beam efficiency = 46%
Full voltage efficiency = 41%

RFQ:
Saturation efficiency = 52%
Beam efficiency = 43%
Full voltage efficiency = 31%

Elliptical (704 MHz) RF System Layout

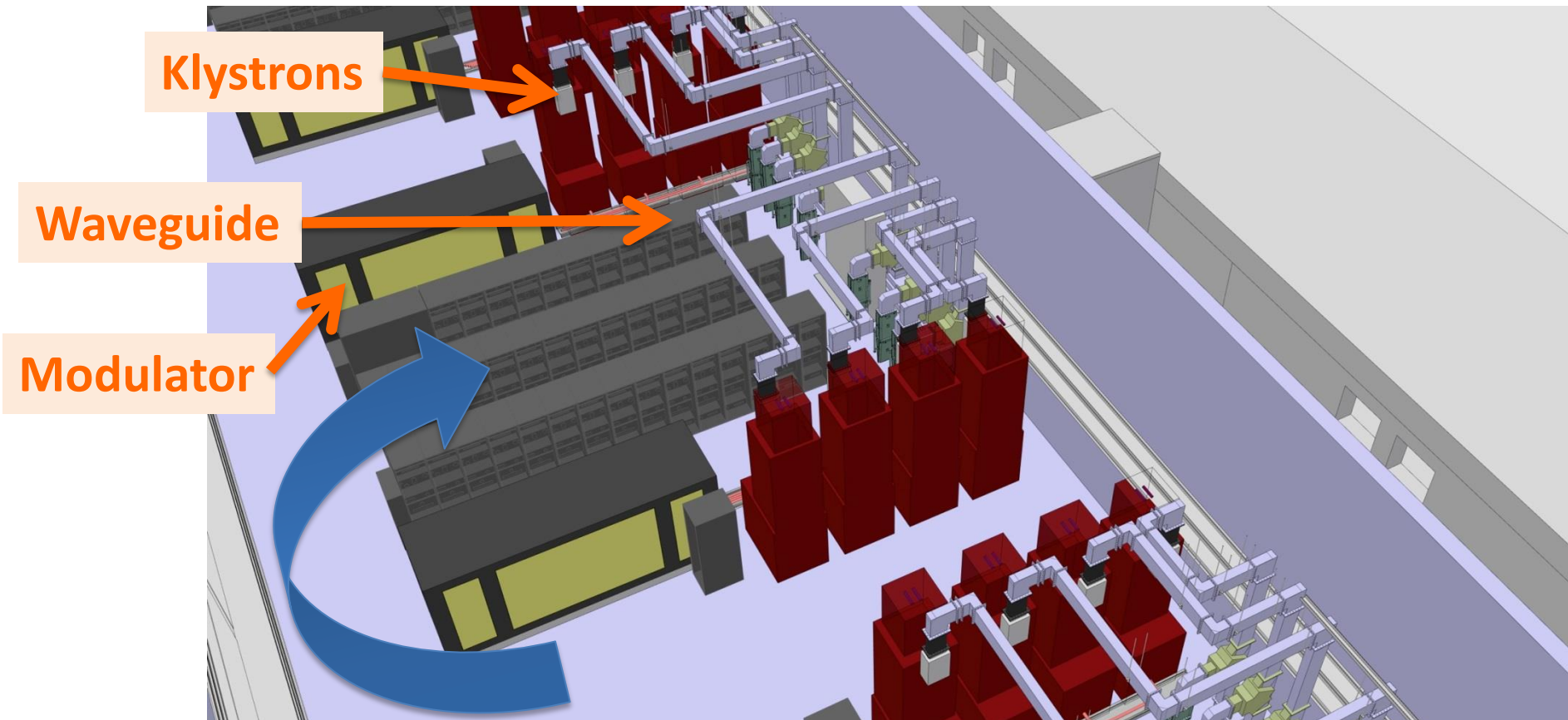
Limited space available



4.5 Cells of 8 klystrons for Medium Beta
10,5 Cells of 8 klystrons (IOTs) for High Beta

Elliptical (704 MHz) RF System Layout

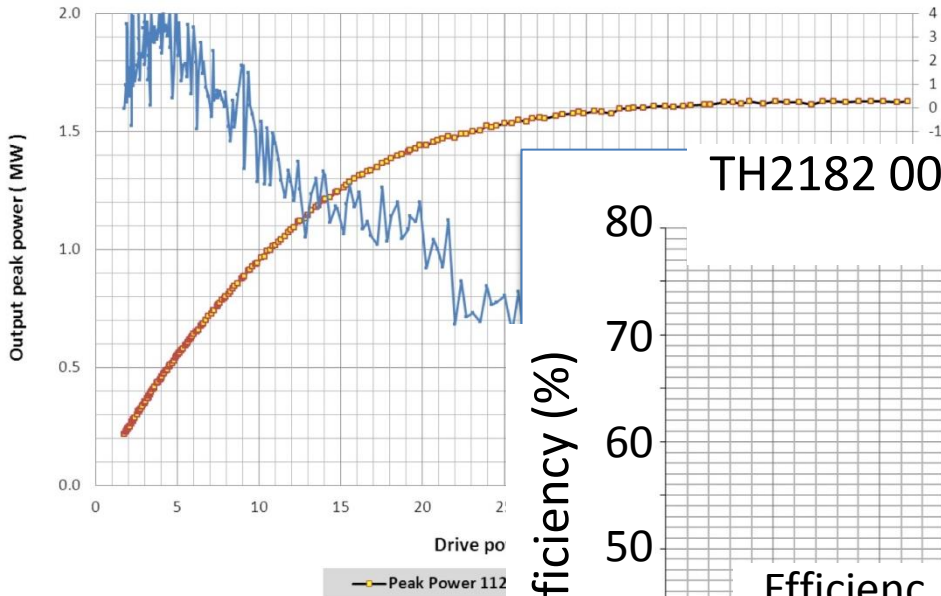
(but two weeks ago it may have changed)



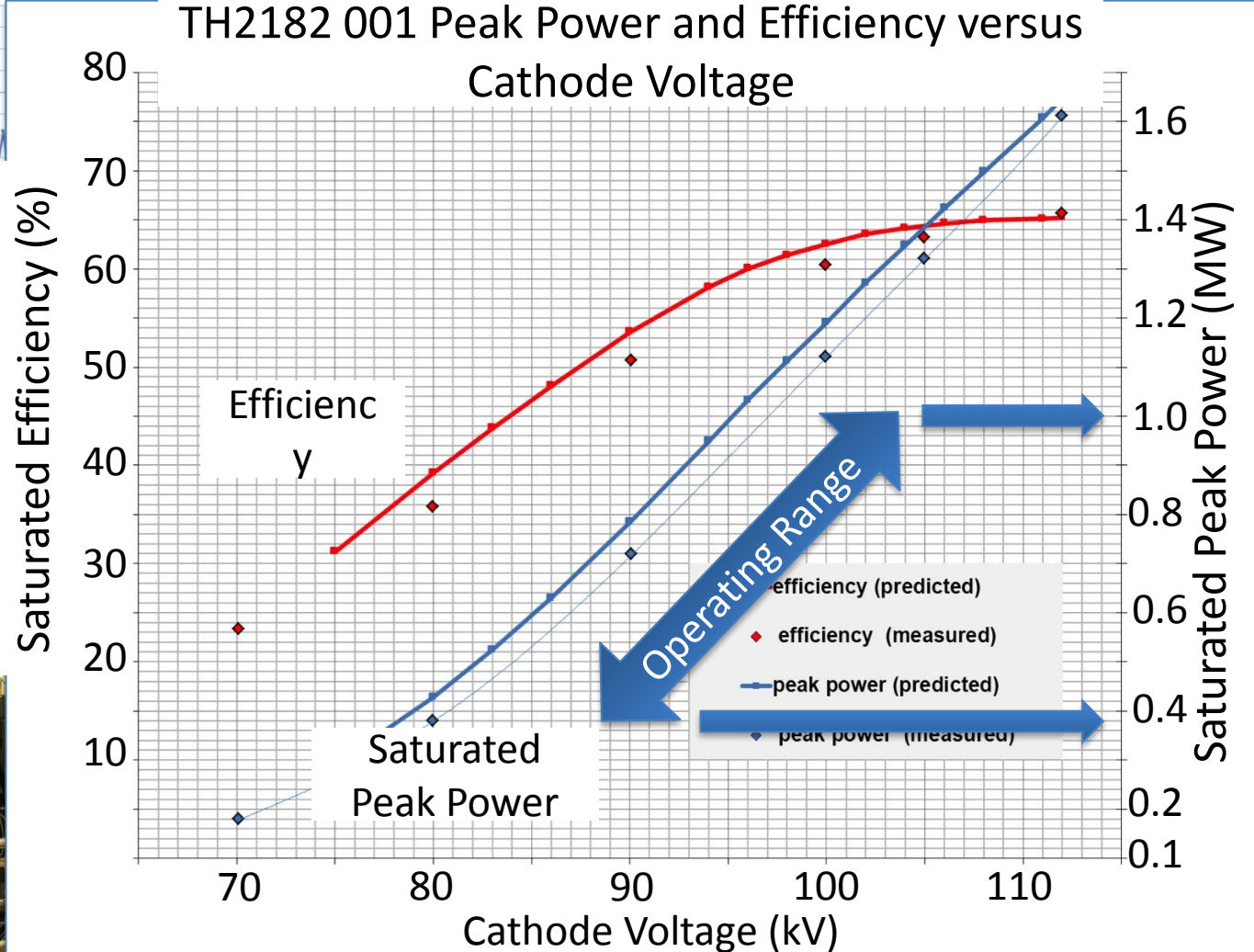
Racks moved to allow the cables to follow the route of the waveguide

704 MHz Klystron (Thales) factory tests

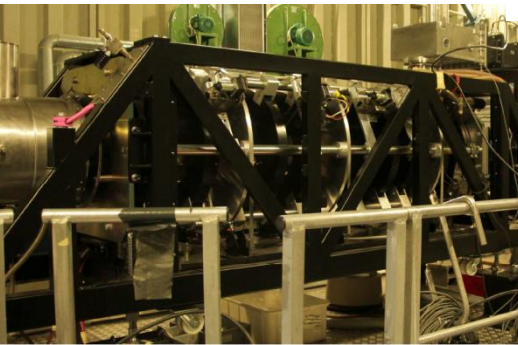
curve 1 TH2182 001 power transfer curve @ 50Hz 1.7ms



TH2182 001 Peak Power and Efficiency versus Cathode Voltage

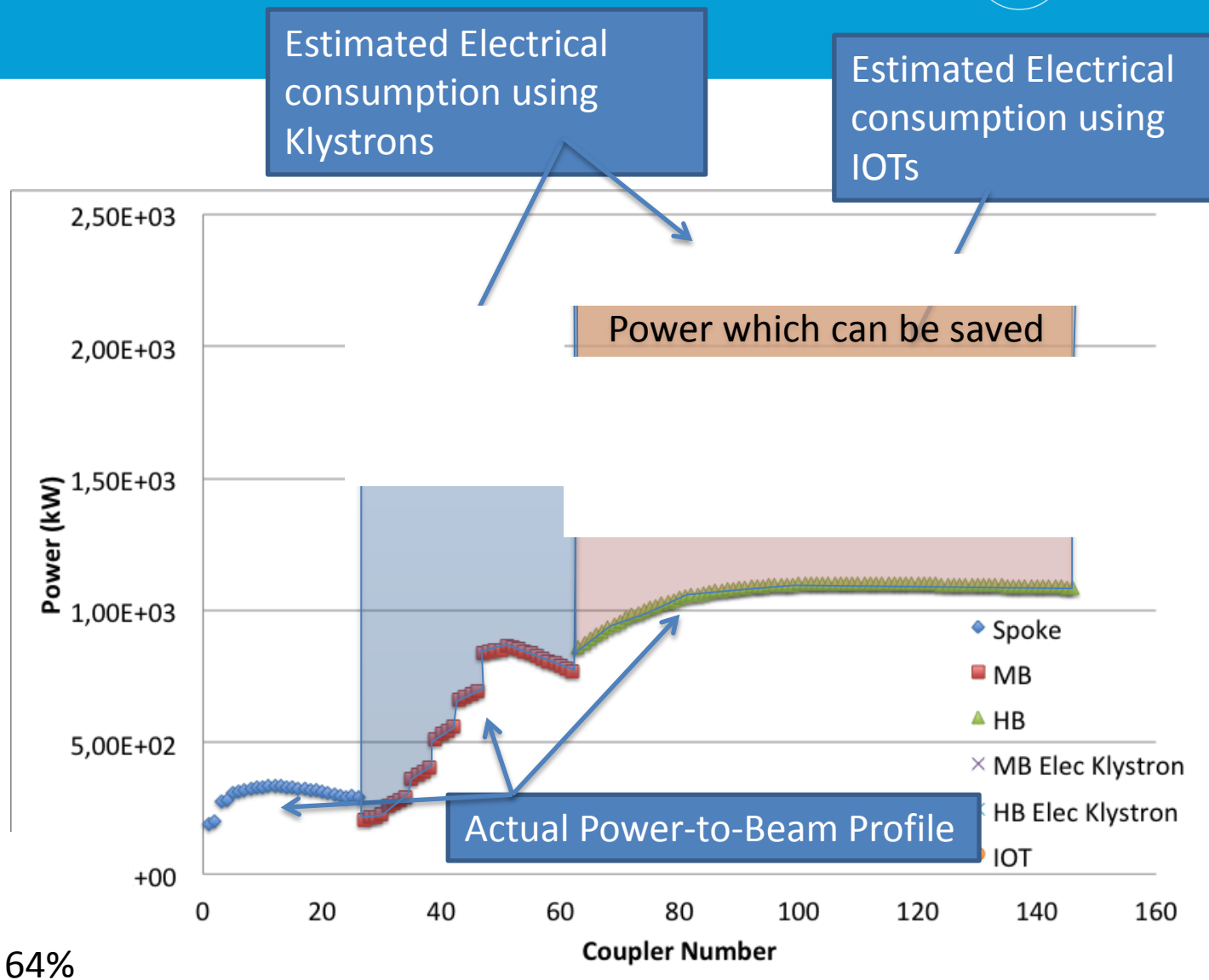


Courtesy of Thales
and CERN



An RF Source for a Proton Linac

Each marker is
an RF Source



Estimated Electrical
consumption using
Klystrons

Estimated Electrical
consumption using
IOTs

Power which can be saved

Actual Power-to-Beam Profile

Assume 25% overhead
Modulator $\eta = 93\%$
Klystron saturation $\eta = 64\%$
IOT $\eta = 65\%$

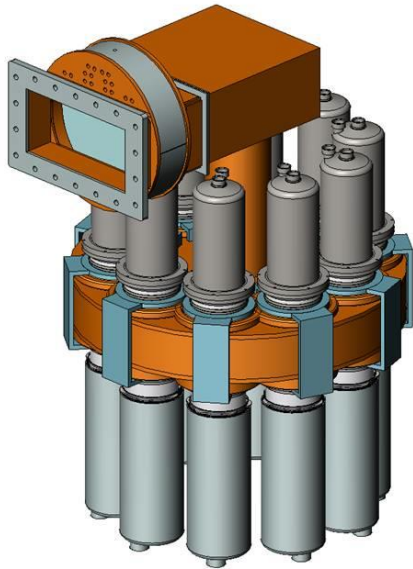
Parameter		Comment
Frequency	704.42 MHz	Bandwidth > +/- 0.5 MHz
Maximum Power	1.2 MW	Average power during the pulse
RF Pulse length	Up to 3.5 ms	Beam pulse 2.86 ms
Duty factor	Up to 5%	Pulse rep. frequency fixed to 14 Hz
Efficiency	Target > 65%	
High Voltage	Low	Expected < 50 kV
Design Lifetime	> 50,000 hrs	

Work is being carried out in collaboration with CERN

- ESS to procure prototypes
- CERN to make space and utilities available for testing

Target: Approval for ESS series production in 2017/18

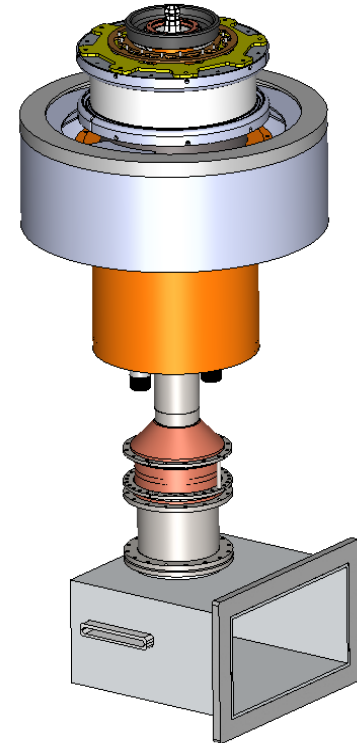
1.2 MW Multi-Beam IOT



- ❖ ESS launched tender for IOT prototypes
- ❖ Tender replies received and contracts about to be signed for two IOTs
- ❖ Delivery in 24 months
- ❖ Site acceptance at CERN followed by long term soak test
- ❖ ESS > 3 MW saved from from high beta linac = 20 GWh per year



Electron Devices



Pre-tender
CPI Cartoon

Summary of Key Parameters for the ESS High Power Devices



	Klystron 352 MHz	Tetrode* 352 MHz	Klystron 704 MHz	IOT 704 MHz
Peak output power (MW)	2.8	400	1.5	1.2
Frequency (MHz)	352.21	352.21	704.42	704.42
Gun	Diode gun	Filament	Diode gun	Gridded Gun
Pulse length (ms)	4	3.5	4	3.5
Rep. rate (Hz)	Up to 14	Up to 14	Up to 14	Up to 14
Maximum Beam Voltage (kV)	115	18	115	50
Efficiency at nominal output power	$\geq 55\%$	$> 65\%$	$> 60\%$	$> 65\%$
- 1dB Bandwidth (MHz)	$\geq +/- 1$	$\geq +/- 3$	$\geq +/- 1$	$\geq +/- 1$
Gain (dB)	≥ 40	>15	≥ 40	≥ 20